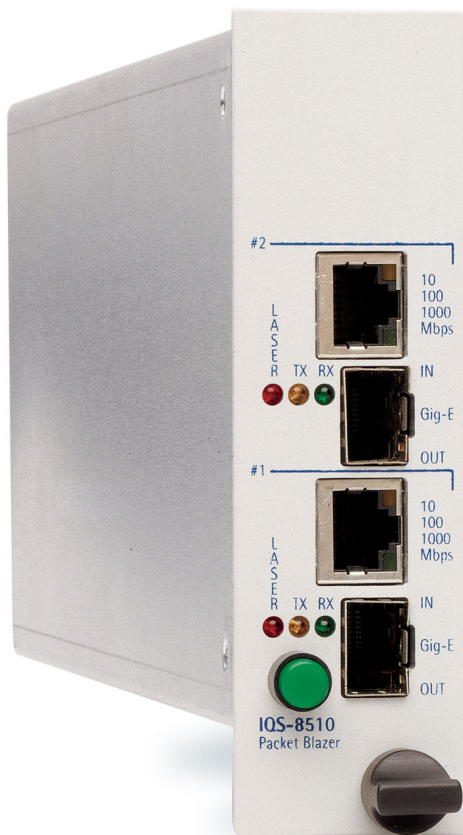


IQS-8510 Packet Blazer

R&D AND MANUFACTURING—TRANSPORT AND DATACOM



Fully integrated functionality for benchmarking of Ethernet devices and systems on the IQS-500 Intelligent Test System

- Throughput, back-to-back, latency and frame loss measurements as per RFC 2544
- Packet-jitter measurement for assessing the capability of Ethernet transport networks to transmit delay-sensitive traffic such as voice over IP (VoIP) and video
- EtherBERT™ test functionality for assessing the integrity of Ethernet services running on WDM networks
- Multiple-stream generation and analysis, allowing QoS verification through VLAN and TOS/DSCP prioritization testing
- TCP throughput measurements for assessing application data transmission over a TCP connection

Designed for Manufacturing, R&D and Network Testing Applications

MANUFACTURING AND R&D: TESTING GIGABIT ETHERNET DEVICES

Housed in EXFO's IQS-500 platform, the IQS-8510 Packet Blazer Ethernet Test Module brings a wide range of Gigabit Ethernet test capabilities to manufacturing and R&D environments. This module tests Ethernet traffic in its native format: 10/100/1000Base-T, 1000Base-SX, 1000Base-LX or 1000Base-ZX for testing applications including Ethernet component testing, SONET/SDH hybrid multiplexers, switched Ethernet, VLANs, DWDM and FTTx systems.

- Offers high port density up to 20 ports per 5U mainframe for parallel device testing and traffic generation
- Combines with a wide range of IQS test modules, providing fully integrated physical and protocol-layer testing of datacom devices

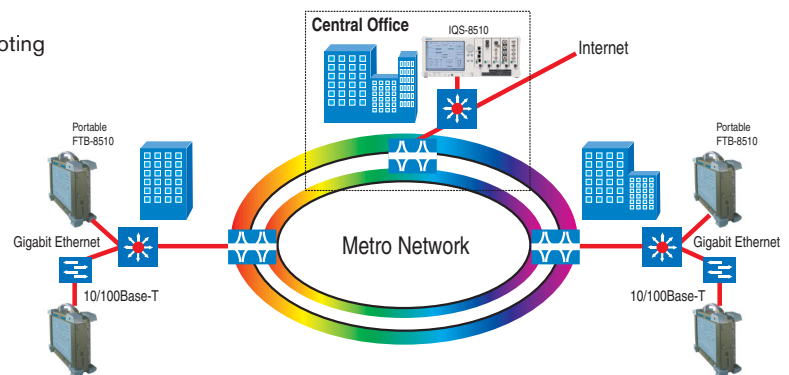


IQS-510P Intelligent Test System

NETWORK SERVICE PROVIDERS: REMOTE ETHERNET TESTING AND MONITORING

When configured for remote testing applications, the IQS-8510 enables carriers to ensure the reliability and performance of their Ethernet networks. This rack-mountable, central office (CO) based module combines with its portable counterpart, the FTB-8510 Packet Blazer, to simplify and accelerate deployment of Ethernet services. This unique approach allows a single technician to perform end-to-end testing of Ethernet circuits.

- Minimizes time and cost of service turn-up and troubleshooting
- Facilitates resource and test-equipment management
- Delivers network testing flexibility
- UDP and IP header integrity validation
- Provides consistency for service qualification



KEY FEATURES

- Throughput, back-to-back (burst), latency and frame loss measurement as per RFC 2544
- EtherBERT™ (patent-pending) for bit-error-rate testing of 10 Mbit/s, 100 Mbit/s and 1000 Mbit/s Ethernet devices and systems
- TCP throughput measurements that provide performance indicators relevant to the transmission of application data over a reliable TCP connection
- Performs packet jitter measurement (IP packet-delay variation as per RFC 3393) to qualify Ethernet transport networks for transmission of delay-sensitive traffic such as voice over IP (VoIP) and video
- Simultaneous traffic generation and analysis at 100% wire speed for 10, 100, 1000Base-T, 1000Base-SX, 1000Base-LX and 1000Base-ZX full-duplex networks at all packet sizes
- Multistream traffic generation
- Q-in-Q capability with the ability to go up to three layers of stacked VLANs
- UDP, TCP and IP header integrity validation
- Dual test ports for lab benchmarking of Ethernet devices and Ethernet service turn-up
- Dual test set
- Easy-to-use Smart User Interface (SUI) for configuration screens, customization of test suites, reporting on real-time and historical performance
- Testing of transparent LAN services (TLS) with wire-speed, full-duplex 10 Mbit/s, 100 Mbit/s or 1000 Mbit/s traffic-generation capabilities
- IEEE 802.1 p/Q framing capability to test RFC2544 in a layer 2 VLAN environment
- Compatible with ADC's Network Interface Unit Ethernet (ENIU), providing versatile remote test and monitoring solutions for Ethernet networks
- Remote control capability through the Visual Guardian Lite and VNC software

Ethernet Performance Validation

The Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) has put together a test methodology to address the issues of performance verification at the layer 2 and 3 level. RFC 2544, a "Benchmarking Methodology for Network Interconnect Devices," specifies the requirements and procedures for testing throughput (performance availability), back-to-back frames (link burstability), frame loss (service integrity) and latency (transmission delay).

When these measurements are performed, they provide a baseline for service providers to define SLAs with their customers. They enable service providers to validate the quality of service (QoS) delivered and can provide them with a tool to create value-added services that can be measured and demonstrated to customers. For example, these tests provide performance statistics and commissioning verification for virtual LANs (VLANs), virtual private networks (VPNs) and transparent LAN services (TLS), all of which use Ethernet as an access technology.

The SLA criteria defined in RFC 2544 can be precisely measured using specialized test instruments. The performance verification is usually done when the installation is completed. The measurements are done out-of-service to make sure that all parameters are controlled.

RFC 2544 Test Suite

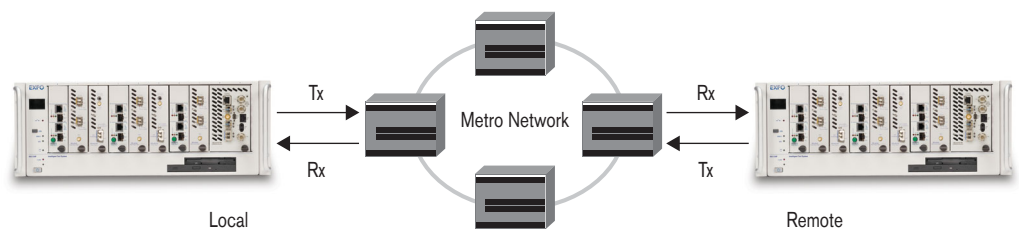
The IQS-8510 Packet Blazer can perform the RFC 2544 test suite for 10/100/1000Base-T and optical GigE interfaces at all frame sizes and at full line rate, in order to allow the provider to certify that the circuit is efficient and error-free at 100% utilization.

The Packet Blazer supports automated RFC 2544 testing, which helps ensure repeatable results. Automation also provides ease of use for field technicians by enabling accurate, efficient measurements and results through a clear and simple pass/fail indication. In addition, the Packet Blazer delivers reports that can be given to customers for future reference related to their specific SLAs.

Throughput

Throughput is the maximum rate at which none of the offered frames are dropped by the device under test (DUT) or network under test (NUT). For example, the throughput test can be used to measure the rate-limiting capability of a switch. The throughput is essentially equivalent to the bandwidth.

The throughput test allows vendors to report a single value which has proven to be useful in the marketplace. Since even the loss of one frame in a data stream can cause significant delays while waiting for the higher level protocols to time out, it is useful to know the actual maximum data rate that the device can support. Measurements should be taken over an assortment of frame sizes. Separate measurements should be made for routed and bridged data in those devices that can support both. If there is a checksum in the received frame, full checksum processing should be done.

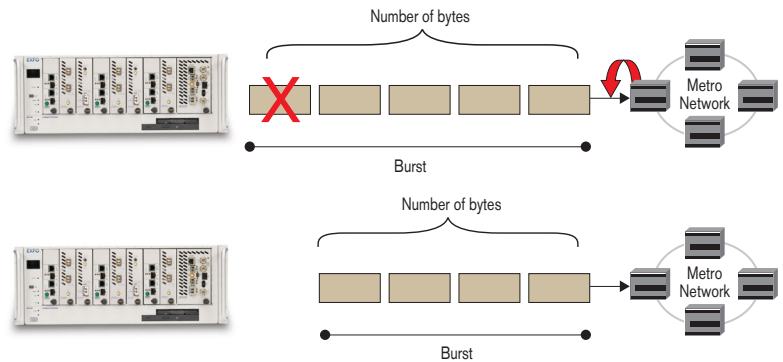


Example of throughput test application

Ethernet Performance Validation (Cont'd)

Burst (Back-to-Back)

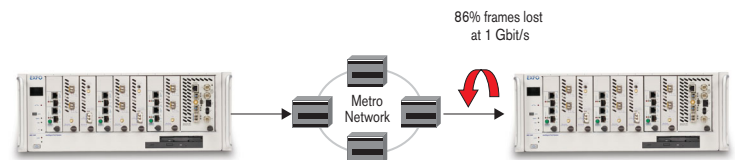
In this test, fixed-length frames are presented at a rate such that there is the minimum legal separation for a given medium between frames over a configurable period of time, starting from an idle state. The back-to-back value is the number of frames in the longest burst that the DUT/NUT will handle without the loss of any frames.



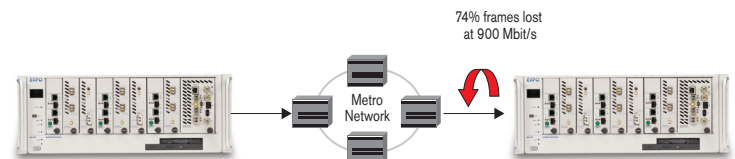
Example of burst (back-to-back) test application

Frame Loss

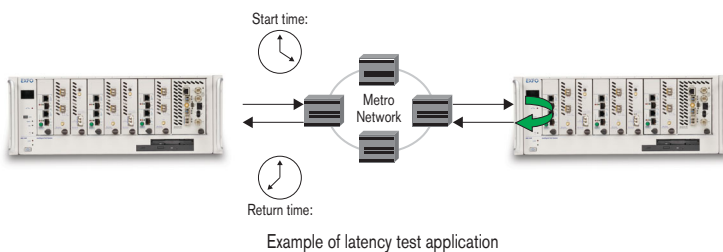
Frame loss is the percentage of frames that should have been forwarded by a network device under steady state (constant) loads that were not forwarded due to lack of resources. This measurement can be used in reporting the performance of a network device in an overloaded state. This can be a useful indication of how a device would perform under pathological network conditions such as broadcast storms.



Example of frame loss test application



Example of frame loss test application



Latency

Round-trip latency is the time it takes a bit (cut-through devices) or a frame (store and forward devices) to come back to its starting point. Variability of latency can be a problem. With technologies like voice and video-over-IP, a variable or long latency can cause significant degradation in quality.

TCP Throughput

The Internet protocol (IP) and transmission control protocol (TCP) together form the essence of TCP/IP networking. While IP deals with the delivery of packets, TCP provides the integrity and assurance that the data packets transmitted by one host are reliably received at the destination. Applications such as hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP), email or file transfer protocol (FTP) depend on TCP as their delivery assurance mechanism within networks.

Customers deploying such applications expect not only physical and link-level SLAs from their service providers, but assurance that their TCP traffic requirements will be supported across the network. The TCP throughput feature on the Packet Blazer™ offers Ethernet service providers the capability of measuring and validating that the services offered to their customers support the TCP traffic performance they expect.

Efficient Testing Leads to Reliable Performance

BERT over Ethernet

Because the transparent transport of Ethernet services over physical media is becoming common, Ethernet is increasingly carried across a variety of layer 1 media over longer distances. This creates a growing need for the certification of Ethernet transport on a bit-per-bit basis, which can be done using bit-error-rate testing (BERT).

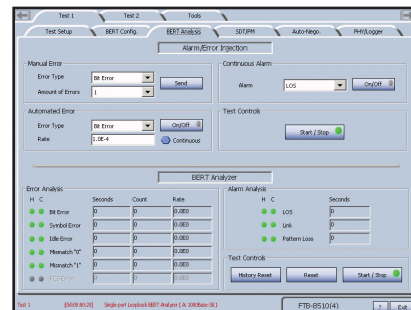
BERT uses a pseudo-random binary sequence (PRBS) encapsulated into an Ethernet frame, making it possible to go from a frame-based error measurement to a bit-error-rate measurement. This provides the bit-per-bit error count accuracy required for the acceptance testing of physical-medium transport systems. BERT over Ethernet should usually be used when Ethernet is carried transparently over layer 1 media, in cases such as:

- Ethernet-over-DWDM
- Ethernet-over-CWDM
- Ethernet-over-dark fiber
- Ethernet-over-switched networks

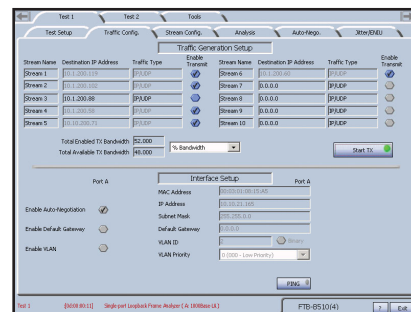
Ethernet and IP QoS Testing

Data services are making a significant shift towards supporting a variety of applications on the same network. This shift has fuelled the need for quality of service (QoS) testing to ensure the condition and reliability of services. Service providers need to assign different qualities of service to each type of service they offer. By providing the ability to configure different Ethernet and IP QoS parameters such as VLAN ID (802.1Q), VLAN priority (802.1p), VLAN stacking (802.1ad Q-in-Q) ToS and DSCP on multiple streams, the Packet Blazer allows service providers to simulate and qualify different types of applications running over their Ethernet network.

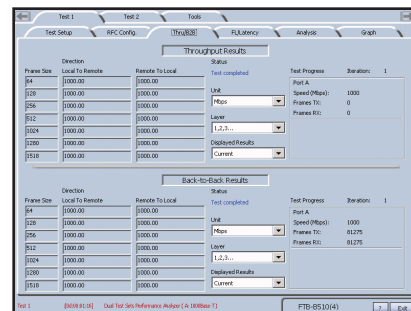
This IQS-8510 Packet Blazer frame analysis feature enables multistream traffic generation and analysis, allowing for the troubleshooting of Ethernet circuits as well as customer-traffic analysis and error identification. Thanks to its packet jitter measurement capability (RFC 3393), the IQS-8510 lets service providers efficiently benchmark transport networks when it comes to delay-sensitive traffic such as voice and video over IP.



BERT analysis screen



RFC configuration screen



Throughput results screen

Functional Specifications

SPECIFICATIONS

OPTICAL INTERFACES

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Optical interfaces | Two ports at 1 GigE | | |
| Available wavelengths (nm) | 850, 1310 and 1550 | | |
| | 1000Base-SX | 1000Base-LX | 1000Base-ZX |
| Wavelength (nm) | 850 | 1310 | 1550 |
| Tx level (dBm) | -9 to -3 | -9.5 to -3 | 0 to +5 |
| Rx level sensitivity (dBm) | -20 | -22 | -22 |
| Maximum reach | 550 m | 10 km | 80 km |
| Transmission bit rate (Gbit/s) | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 |
| Reception bit rate (Gbit/s) | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 |
| Tx operational wavelength range (nm) | 830 to 860 | 1270 to 1360 | 1540 to 1570 |
| Measurement accuracy | | | |
| Frequency (ppm) | ±4.6 | ±4.6 | ±4.6 |
| Optical power (dB) | ±2 | ±2 | ±2 |
| Maximum Rx before damage (dBm) | +6 | +6 | +6 |
| Jitter compliance | IEEE 802.3 | IEEE 802.3 | |
| Ethernet classification | IEEE 802.3 | IEEE 802.3 | |
| Laser type | VCSEL | FP | DFB |
| Eye safety | CLASS 1 | CLASS 1 | CLASS 1 |
| Connector | LC | LC | LC |
| Transceiver type | SFP | SFP | SFP |

ELECTRICAL INTERFACES

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------|
| Electrical interfaces | Two ports 10/100BaseT half/full duplex, 1000BaseT full duplex. Straight/crossover cable selection. | | |
| | 10Base-T | 100Base-T | 1000Base-T |
| Tx bit rate | 10 Mbit/s | 125 Mbit/s | 1 Gbit/s |
| Tx accuracy (ppm) | ±100 ±100 | ±100 | |
| Rx bit rate | 10 Mbit/s | 125 Mbit/s | 1 Gbit/s |
| Rx measurement accuracy (ppm) | ±4.6 ±4.6 | ±4.6 | |
| Duplex mode | Half and full duplex | Half and full duplex | Full duplex |
| Jitter compliance | IEEE 802.3 | IEEE 802.3 | IEEE 802.3 |
| Connector | RJ-45 | RJ-45 | RJ-45 |
| Maximum reach (m) | 100 | 100 | 100 |

TESTING

| | |
|--|--|
| RFC 2544 | Throughput, back-to-back, frame loss and latency measurements according to RFC 2544. Frame size: RFC-defined sizes, user-configurable. |
| BERT | Unframed layer 1 and layer 2. Layer 2 supported with or without VLAN Q-in-Q. |
| Patterns (BERT) | PRBS 2E9-1, PRBS 2E11-1, PRBS 2E15-1, PRBS 2E20-1, PRBS 2E23-1, PRBS 2E31-1, CRPAT, CSPAT, CJTPAT, Short CRTPAT, Long CRTPAT and up to 10 user patterns. Capability to invert patterns. |
| Error insertion (BERT) | FCS, bit, symbol. |
| Error measurement | Jabber/giant, runt, undersize, oversize, FCS, symbol, idle, carrier sense, alignment, collision, late collision, excessive collision, UDP, TCP and IP header checksum. |
| Error measurement (BERT) | Bit error, symbol error, idle error, bit mismatch 0, bit mismatch 1, FCS error, performance monitoring (G.821 and G.826). |
| Alarm insertion (BERT) | LOS, pattern loss. |
| Alarm detection | LOS, link down, pattern loss, no traffic. |
| Service disruption time measurement (BERT) | Defect or No Traffic mode. Disruption time statistics include shortest, longest, last, average, total and count. |
| Multistream generation | Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are: packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination port and payload. |
| VLAN Stacking | Capability to generate I.E.E.E 802.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN traffic and filter received packets by VLAN ID and VLAN tag at any layer. |

Functional Specifications (Cont'd)

TESTING

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Traffic analysis | Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. |
| Ethernet statistics | Multicast, broadcast, unicast, N-unicast, pause frame, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate, frame loss, out of sequence frames. |
| Jitter statistics | Generation: packet jitter simulation—VoIP G.711, VoIP G.723.1, G.729, user-defined. Analysis: delay variation statistics (ms)—min., max., last, average, number of samples, jitter measurement estimate. |
| Flow control injection | Packet pause time. |
| Flow control statistics | Pause time, last pause time, max. pause time, min. pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx. |
| Advanced auto-negotiation | Capability to auto-negotiate the rate, duplex and flow control capabilities with another Ethernet port. Configurable auto-negotiation parameters. Display of link partner capabilities. Fault injection: offline, link failure, auto-negotiation error. |
| Remote ENIU configuration | Capability to support the operation, administration and maintenance (OAM) layer between a Packet Blazer and ADC ENIUs. This includes detection of ENIUs in the network and sending loopback commands. |

ADDITIONAL TEST AND MEASUREMENT FUNCTIONS

| | |
|--|---|
| Power measurement | Supports optical power measurement, displayed in dBm. |
| Frequency measurement | Supports clock frequency measurements (i.e., received frequency and deviation of the input signal clock from nominal frequency). |
| Frequency offset measurement | Range: ± 150 ppm Resolution: 1 ppm Accuracy: ± 4.6 ppm |
| Dual test set | Performs end-to-end, bidirectional performance testing (as required by leading standards bodies)—remote Packet Blazer controlled via the LAN connection under test. |
| Smart Loopback | Capability to return traffic to the local unit by swapping packet overhead up to layer 4 of the OSI stack. |
| TCP throughput measurements ^b | Capability to evaluate TCP throughput and to provide performance results and statistics: window size with corresponding throughput, number of transmitted and re-transmitted segments, round-trip time. |

ADDITIONAL FEATURES

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Expert mode | Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. |
| Event logger | Supports logging of test results and the ability to print, export (to a file) or export the information contained in the logging tool. |
| Power up and restore | In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootstrap. |
| Save and load configuration | Ability to store and load test configurations to/from non-volatile memory. |
| Configurable test views | Allows users to customize their test views, i.e., to dynamically insert or remove test tabs/windows, in addition to creating new test windows, so as to accurately match their testing needs. |
| Report generation | Ability to generate test reports in the following user-selectable formats: .pdf, .html, .txt and .csv. |
| Graph | Allows to graphically display the test statistics of the performance (RFC 2544) and frame analysis tests. |
| Remote control | Remote control through Visual Guardian Lite software or VNC. |

SPECIFICATIONS

| | IQS-8510 ^a | IQS-8510-1 ^a | IQS-8510-2 |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Ports | Two 10/100Base-T | Two 10/100Base-T and one Gigabit Ethernet | Two 10/100Base-T and two Gigabit Ethernet |
| Connector types | RJ-45 (ISO 8877) | RJ-45 (ISO 8877) and LC | RJ-45 (ISO 8877) and LC |
| Connect speed (Mbit/s) | 10/100 | 10/100/1000 | 10/100/1000 |
| Duplex mode | Full/half duplex Auto-negotiation | Full/half duplex Auto-negotiation | Full/half duplex Auto-negotiation |
| Maximum port capacity (Mbit/s) | 200 (bidirectional) | 2000 (bidirectional) | 2000 (bidirectional) |
| Ethernet testing | RFC 1242, RFC 2544, RFC 3393, multistream traffic generation and analysis, EtherBERT™ | RFC 1242, RFC 2544, RFC 3393, multistream traffic generation and analysis, EtherBERT™ | RFC 1242, RFC 2544, RFC 3393, multistream traffic generation and analysis, EtherBERT™ |

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Size (H x W x D) | 125 mm x 36 mm x 282 mm | (4 ¹⁵ / ₁₆ in x 1 ⁷ / ₁₆ in x 11 ¹ / ₈ in) |
| Weight | 0.75 kg | (1.65 lb) |
| Operating temperature | 0 °C to 40 °C | (32 °F to 104 °F) |

NOTES

- a. Upgrade kit also available for IQS-8510 Packet Blazer, providing one or two Gigabit Ethernet ports.
b. Available as an option.

ORDERING INFORMATION

MODULE

IQS-85XX-XX-XX

- Model**
 - IQS-8510
 - IQS-8510-1
 - IQS-8510-2
- Software**
 - A-1.8.0 = Packet Blazer software release 1.8.0
 - A-1.9.0 = Packet Blazer software release 1.9.0
 - A-1.1.0.0 = Packet Blazer software release 1.1.0.0
 - A-2.0.0 = Packet Blazer software release 2.0.0
- Other options**
 - 00 = Without other options
 - TCP = TCP throughput measurement
 - IPTV_MON = Enable TCP throughput testing

Example: IQS-8510-2-TCP-A-2.0.0
For Gigabit Ethernet optical interfaces, FTB-859x Transceivers have to be ordered separately.

TRANSCEIVER

- FTB-8590** = 1000Base-SX (850 nm) LC connectors; optical SFP transceiver module for IQS-8510 Packet Blazer
- FTB-8591** = 1000Base-LX (1310 nm) LC connectors; optical SFP transceiver module for IQS-8510 Packet Blazer
- FTB-8592** = 1000Base-ZX (1550 nm) LC connectors; optical SFP transceiver module for IQS-8510 Packet Blazer

Complementary Products

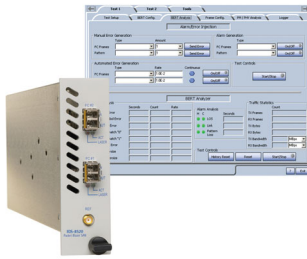
IQS-8510G Packet Blazer 10 Gigabit Ethernet Test Module

The IQS-8510G module tests connectivity in its native format: 10GBASE-xR or 10GBASE-xW used for transport of Ethernet-based LAN-to-LAN services. It can also be used to test Next-Generation SONET/SDH, hybrid multiplexers, dark fiber or xWDM networks running 10 Gigabit Ethernet interfaces. For more information on the IQS-8510G, please refer to its detailed spec sheet at <http://documents.EXFO.com/specsheets/IQS-8510G-ang.pdf>.



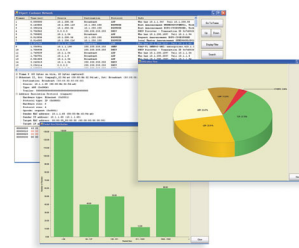
IQS-8520 Packet Blazer SAN Fibre Channel Test Module

The IQS-8520 Packet Blazer™ SAN Fibre Channel Test Module brings FC-0, FC-1 and FC-2 logical layer testing to services delivered via transport protocols, such as DWDM, SONET/SDH and dark fiber. It provides valuable timing information and buffer credit estimation for Fibre Channel network deployment. The IQS-8520 Packet Blazer enables the testing of both telecom and Fibre Channel services, and it lets you conduct end-to-end latency testing. For more information on the IQS-8520, please refer to its detailed spec sheet at <http://documents.EXFO.com/specsheets/IQS-8520-ang.pdf>.



EXpertNPA Network Protocol Analyzer

EXFO's EXpertNPA Network Protocol Analyzer software is a simple and powerful tool that enables identification and detailed assessment of complex network problems. EXpertNPA supports a wide range of key applications, including the determination of the baseline trend of network bandwidth utilization, as well as the identification of a network's top talkers, the source and cause of broadcast storms, the source of network overload troubles and the source of network attacks. For more information on the EXpertNPA software, please refer to its detailed spec sheet at <http://documents.EXFO.com/specsheets/EXpertNPA-ang.pdf>.



Find out more about EXFO's extensive line of high-performance portable instruments by visiting our website at www.EXFO.com.

EXFO Corporate Headquarters > 400 Godin Avenue, Quebec City (Quebec) G1M 2K2 CANADA | Tel.: 1 418 683-0211 | Fax: 1 418 683-2170 | info@EXFO.com

Toll-free: 1 800 663-3936 (USA and Canada) | www.EXFO.com

| | | | |
|---------------------|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| EXFO America | 3701 Plano Parkway, Suite 160 Plano, TX 75075 USA | Tel.: 1 800 663-3936 | Fax: 1 972 836-0164 |
| EXFO Europe | Omega Enterprise Park, Electron Way Chandlers Ford, Hampshire S053 4SE ENGLAND | Tel.: +44 2380 246810 | Fax: +44 2380 246801 |
| EXFO Asia | 151 Chin Swee Road, #03-29 Manhattan House SINGAPORE 169876 | Tel.: +65 6333 8241 | Fax: +65 6333 8242 |
| EXFO China | No.88 Fuhua, First Road Central Tower, Room 801, Futian District Shenzhen 518048, CHINA | Tel.: +86 (755) 8203 2300 | Fax: +86 (755) 8203 2306 |
| | Beijing New Century Hotel Office Tower, Room 1754-1755 No. 6 Southern Capital Gym Road Beijing 100044 P. R. CHINA | Tel.: +86 (10) 6849 2738 | Fax: +86 (10) 6849 2662 |

EXFO is certified ISO 9001 and attests to the quality of these products. This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. EXFO has made every effort to ensure that the information contained in this specification sheet is accurate. All of EXFO's manufactured products are compliant with the European Union's WEEE directive. For more information, please visit www.EXFO.com/recycle. However, we accept no responsibility for any errors or omissions, and we reserve the right to modify design, characteristics and products at any time without obligation. Units of measurement in this document conform to SI standards and practices. Contact EXFO for prices and availability or to obtain the phone number of your local EXFO distributor.

For the most recent version of this spec sheet, please go to the EXFO website at <http://www.EXFO.com/specs>

In case of discrepancy, the Web version takes precedence over any printed literature.